Cakra Studi Global Strategis
Centre for Strategic and Global Studies

Vision
To be an indispensable source of independent analysis, informed debate, and influential ideas to help improve policy and decision-making on global and strategic issues.

Mission
(1) Promoting a better understanding of the context, content, and impact of global strategic development; (2) providing independent and rigorous analyses of critical global, regional, and country-specific challenges; (3) advancing development; (4) developing new ideas and options for decision-makers and policy specialists in tackling global strategic challenges.

Areas of Interests
(1) Regional dynamics & transnational development issues; (2) Consoulic up & globalization; (3) National & national interest; (4) International & foreign affairs.

Program & Activities
(1) Regular research & mapping; (2) Analysis & briefing; (3) Simulation & review; (4) Consultation & advocacy; (5) Negotiation & resolution; (6) Articulation & communication; (7) Dissemination & publication.

Research Group
(1) Globalization & non-military defense; (2) National autonomy & foreign policy; (3) Maritime development & defense; (4) Terrorism & conflict resolution; (5) Civil conflict & human security; (6) Migration & sustainable development; (7) International business & cooperation.

Partnership
We welcome any constructive support and partnership to enhance analysis, understanding, and policy response toward our global and strategic challenges.

Resource Centre
Cakra Studi Global Strategis, our historical departmental resource centre, as a home base, workshop, and an indispensable part of Centre for Strategic and Global Studies.

Publications
(1) Global & Strategic, a journal; (2) Cakra Nusantara, a policy brief; (3) CSOS Paper, a collection of unpublished papers; (4) CSOS Publisher, a book publisher.

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Model of Indonesia-Timor Leste Land Border Management
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Iva Rachmatawati & Faan

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From the Status Quo to the Wild Card Scenario
Suyatna, Rievan Bustami & Elfitia Nasrudin

Response Pencetakan Lokal kehadiran Anakara
Tanpa, Haji Tumamang Rzhah Nadjamuddin

Intervensi Komunitas dalam Studi Hubungan Internasional:
Perdebatan Relasi Veras Kemenkebudis Muhmad Rosyidin

Ekonomi Politik Kerja Sama Kerja Selatan - Indonesia
Dalam Jaringan Penerapan Temuan KERAUX
Sanny Tyar Amanuddin, Arwini Bintani, Nadiya Rizki, Harya Budianta

Intensi RRC menjadi Adilnya
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The Implementation of Russian Federation’s Coercive Diplomacy
Towards Ukraine in the New Great Game Context:
over Gas Pipeline Dispute (2008–2009)
Anak Agung Banyu Pertiwa & Nyoman Pujawan

Response Postkolonial terhadap Intensifikasi
Pendudukan Kolonial di Afrika
Baig L. S. W., Wardhanii

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# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Model of Indonesia-Timor Leste Land Border Management by Optimizing the Cross-Border Post in Belu Regency, East Nusa Tenggara</td>
<td>1 - 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Four Scenarios of Malaysia-Indonesia Migration: From the Status Quo to the Wild Card Scenarios</td>
<td>15 - 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Respons Pemerintah Lokal terhadap Ancaman Terorisme Global: Kasus ISIS di Kota Malang</td>
<td>30 - 54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Intervensi Kemanusiaan dalam Studi Hubungan Internasional: Perdebatan Realis Versus Konstruktivis</td>
<td>55 - 73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>EkonomiPolitik Kerja Sama Korea Selatan-Indonesia dalam Joint Development Pesawat Tempur KFX/IFX</td>
<td>74 - 94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Intensi RRC menjadi Adidaya</td>
<td>95 - 108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nuclear Energy for Everyone, Nuclear Weapons for No-One</td>
<td>109 - 124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Respon Poskolonial terhadap Intensifikasi Pendidikan Kolonial di Afrika</td>
<td>137 - 151</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Abstract

This paper clarifies the intention of the People’s Republic of China’s intention to become the world superpower in place of the United States. Since the end of the Cold War, the bipolar system has been replaced by the unipolar one whereby the United States shapes and controls the dynamics of international politics. Scholars like Christopher Layne argue that the unipolarity under the United States would not last long, because it would be transformed into the new bipolarity or even multipolarity by 2010. In contrast to Layne’s prediction, until 2015 the unipolar order continues to exist, and China is not yet a superpower replacing the United States. This is despite the fact that China has the potentials to supplant the United States. The paper proposes two complementary factors, intention and capacity, to understand about the position of China over the United States. The point is that there is no evidence indicating that the claim if China wishes to become the superpower. Admittedly, the Chinese leaders do not aim for reaching the superpower status as fast as Layne’s prediction. The target is defined in two stages: by 2049 and 2100.

Keyword : PRC, superpower, the, 21st, century, transition, ,

Daftar Pustaka :