<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The Case of Digestive Disorders in Older Cat (Felis catus) Based on Medical History Records at Veterinary Teaching Hospital Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Universitas Airlangga Surabaya Period 2014 -2016</td>
<td>1 - 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>The Potential for Environmental Pollution from the Feces of Worm Infected Dogs in Surabaya</td>
<td>5 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The Effectivity of Gel Extract Binahong Leaf (Anredera cordifolia (Ten.) Steenis) on the Incision Wound in Mice (Mus musculus) by Observation of Wound Area Length and Wound Healing</td>
<td>10 - 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The Effect of Laserpuncture on Heart Rate, Respiratory Rate, Body Temperature and Energy Cost of Locomotion of Indonesian Thoroughbred Horse</td>
<td>15 - 19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Comparison of Hematologic Value Between Kintamani Dogs (Canis lupus familiaris) And Local Dogs (Canis familiaris)</td>
<td>20 - 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>The Effect of Kikolod (Isotoma longiflora (L) Presl.) Leave’s Extracto Histopathology of Incision Wound Healing in Mice (mus musculus)</td>
<td>25 - 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>The Effect of Okra (Abelmoschus esculentus) Extract Ointment on Topically on the Rate Wound Healing Process of Skin Burn on Rat (Rattus norvegicus) as Model Animals</td>
<td>30 - 34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>The Influence of Gel Extract Binahong Leaf (Anredera cordifolia (Ten.) Steenis) to Observe Macrophague Cells and Burn Wound Diameter Degree II in Mice (Mus musculus)</td>
<td>35 - 39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Effectiveness of Binahong Leaves Gel Extract (Anredera cordifolia (Ten.) Steenis) To Reduce the Number of PMN Cells in Incision Wound Healing Processes of Male Mice (Mus musculus)</td>
<td>40 - 44</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Effectivity of Gel Extract Binahong Leaf (Anredera cordifolia (Ten.) Steenis) on the Incision Wound in Mice (Mus musculus) by Observation of Wound Area Length and Wound Healing

Efektivitas Gel Ekstrak Daun Binahong (Anredera cordifolia (Ten.) Steenis) pada Luka Insisi Mencit (Mus musculus) Melalui Pengamatan Panjang Area Luka dan Penyembuhan Luka

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Abstract

This research was conducted to know the effectiveness of gel extract binahong leaf on the incision wound in mice by observation of wound area length and wound healing. Mice divided into 4 treatment groups, P0 (HPMC 3%), P1 (povidone iodine), P2 (10% gel extract binahong), P3 (20% gel extract binahong). This study was observed 3 times, on day 3, day 5 and day 7 with 5 mice each observation. The data were analyzed by ANAVA followed by Duncan Test for through observation of wound area length, while Kruskal-Wallis followed by Mann Whitney Test for observation of wound healing. The result shows of wound area length on day 7, P3 very significant difference with P0 and P1 with the mean P3 0.42, P0 0.58, and P1 0.52 but P3 significant difference with P2 0.48. The result observation of wound healing on day 3 and day 5 have a same scor 6 so there was no significant difference in all treatments (p>0.05). On day 7 shows P3 have a scor 8, the highest scor (p<0.05). Based on the analysis in the data it can be concluded that P3 the 20% concentration of gel extract binahong leaf is more effective in curing the incision because it can make wound incision become smallest and has a highest scoring of wound healing

Keyword : binahong, leaf, gel, extract, incision, wound, arealength, healing

Daftar Pustaka :