FOLIA MEDICA INDONESIANA
Vol. 45 No. 4 October – December 2009

EFFECT OF TRANSVENTRICULAR CEREBROSPINAL FLUID IN PATIENT WITH SEVERE BRAIN DAMAGE WITH THIN ACUTE SUBDURAL BLEEDING. A COMPARATIVE STUDY WITH DECOMPRESSION TREPANATION ACTION
(Khadiim Thohari, Muhammad Arifin Parende)

UTILIZATION OF EXTRACT PHALERIA (PHALERIA MACROCARPA) AS A PRECAUTION AGAINST CARBON TETRACHLORIDE INDUCED HEPATOTOXICITY IN MICE
(Reny Yohani, Rochmali Kurniawan)

COMPARATIVE EFFECTIVENESS CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE 0.2% AND Povidone-Iodine 1% AS AN ANTISEPTIC TO DECREASE DENSITY LEVEL OF INTRAORAL GERMS IN MAXILLOFACIAL FRACTURE SURGERY
(Hananto Ishardianto)

CYCLIN D1 EXPRESSION RELATIONSHIP WITH CLINICAL STAGE, GRADING GLAND METASTASIS OF TUMOR CELLS AND SQUAMOUS CELL IN CERVICAL CARCINOMA
(Silvanus Adrian, Suhanda, Endang Yosewani)

IDENTIFICATION OF FUNGITIONAL CLUSTER OF EXTRACT PARASITE DUKE (LORANTHACEAE DEANDROPHORE SPECIES) WITH FT-IR SPECTROMETER
(Arifa Mustika, Roestaika Indrawati, Rarto Saripta Munir)

PCR INHIBITOR CONTAMINANT DETECTION FROM EXTRACTION PRODUCTS OF RESIN CHELATING DNA IN FORENSIC DNA IDENTIFICATION
(Agung Sosialan, Soekry Efran Kusuma)

EVENTS AND RISK FACTORS OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDERS IN LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BABIES
(Dina Djoughudodo, Soetjenginsih, Winchu Purnomo)

CORRELATION OF C-ERBB2 EXPRESSION IN UNDIFFERENTIATED NASOPHARYNGEAL CARCINOMA AND TUMOR SIZE (T-STAGE), REGIONAL Lymphnodes Status (N STAGE), AND RADIATION RESPONSE
(Dyah Sausliah, Willy Sandhika, Faroe Hoesin)

MACROPHAGE BETWEEN THE FIRST AND THIRD DAY OF CLOSED FEMORAL FRACTURE
(Putu Astawa)

PARASITOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF IMPORTED AND INDIGENOUS MALARIA IN TEGALOMBO COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER, PACITAN DISTRICT, EAST JAVA PROVINCE
(Kusmanta Sastiwati, SW Sulistyawati, H Arwati)

Review Article:
HOW TO MANAGE ENDOMETRIOSMA BY LAPAROSCOPY? ABLATION OR EXCISION?
(RY Primianawan)

Review Article:
ANATOMICAL ASPECT OF SHOULDER JOINT DISLOCATION FOR VOLLEYBALL PLAYERS
(Yuliana)

International Online Distribution by ProQuest™
www.proquest.com
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Utilization of Extract Phaleria (Phaleria Macrocarpa) as a Precaution against Carbon Tetrachloride Induced Hepatotoxicity in Mice</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Effect of Transventricular Cerebrospinal Fluid in Patient with Severe Brain Damage with Thin Acute Subdural Bleeding. A Comparative Study with Decompression Trepanation Action</td>
<td>244 - 248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Comparative Effectiveness between Chlorhexidine Gluconate 0.2% and Povidone-Iodine 1% as an Antiseptic to Decrease Density Level of Intraoral Germs in Maxillofacial Fracture Surgery</td>
<td>253 - 268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Cyclin D1 Expression Relationship with Clinical Stage, Grading Gland Metastasis of Tumor Cells and Squamous Cell in Cervical Carcinoma</td>
<td>269 - 274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>IDENTIFICATION OF FUNCTIONAL CLUSTER OF EXTRACT PARASITE DUKU (LORANTHACEAE DEANDROPTHOE SPECIES) WITH FT-IR SPECTROMETER</td>
<td>275 - 277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>PCR Inhibitor Contaminant Detection from Extraction Products of Resin Chelating DNA in Forensic DNA Identification</td>
<td>278 - 284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Events and Risk Factors of Developmental Disorders in Low Birth Weight Babies</td>
<td>285 - 289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Correlation of c-erbB2 Expression in Undifferentiated Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma and Tumor Size (T-Stage), Regional Lymphnodes Status (N-Stage), and Radiation Response</td>
<td>290 - 293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Macrophage between the First and Third Day of Closed Femoral Fracture</td>
<td>294 - 298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Parasitological Examination of Imported and Indigenous Malaria in Tegalombo Community Health Center, Pacitan District, East Jawa Province</td>
<td>299 - 301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Review Article: How to Manage Endometrioma by Laparoscopy? Ablation or Excision?</td>
<td>302 - 307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Review Article: Anatomical Aspect of Shoulder Joint Dislocation for Volleyball Players</td>
<td>308 - 314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Review Article: The 22 Pleiotropic Properties of Statin and Cardiovascular Diseases the Roles of Atorvastatin with Its PPECCAT-GOMMESAAB Effects</td>
<td>315 - 323</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Review Article: Anatomical Aspect of Shoulder Joint Dislocation for Volleyball Players

Abstract

Shoulder joint is one of the most commonly dislocated joint at our body. Main etiology of shoulder joint dislocation is sport such as volley. Australian Bureau of Statistics report on 2000 said that the incidence rate of shoulder joint dislocation was 32.2%. Data from Victorian hospital on 1996-1999 said that there were 15 acute shoulder injury patients who came to emergency department, four patients had dislocation, seven patients had sprain/strain, two patients had fracture, and one patient suffered from muscle/tendon injury. Therefore, understanding the anatomy of shoulder joint and mechanism of dislocation is very important to establish clear-cut diagnostic and therapeutic objectives.

Keyword : shoulder, joint, dislocation, volley, 

Daftar Pustaka :