Cakra Studi Global Strategis
Centre for Strategic and Global Studies

Vision

to be an indispensable source of independent analysis, informed debate, and influential ideas to help improve policy and decision making on global and strategic issues

Mission

(1) promoting a better understanding of the contour, content and context of global and strategic development; (2) producing independent and rigorous analysis of critical global, regional and country-specific challenges on advanced development; (3) developing new ideas and options to decision makers and policy specialists in tackling of global and strategic challenges

Area of Interests

(1) regional dynamics & transnational development issues; (2) cosmopolitanism & globalization; (3) nationhood & national interest; (4) international & foreign affairs

Programs & Activities

(1) regular research & mapping, (2) analysis & briefing, (3) simulation & review, (4) consultation & advocacy, (5) negotiation & resolution, (6) articulation & communication, (7) dissemination & publication

Research Groups

(1) globalization & non-military defense; (2) local autonomy & foreign policy; (3) maritime development & defense; (4) terrorism & conflict resolution; (5) ethnic conflict & human security; (6) migrant worker & sustainable development; (6) international business & negotiation

Partnership

we welcome any constructive supports and partnerships to enhance analysis, understanding and policy responses toward our global and strategic challenges

Resource Centre

Cakra Buana Catur Matra, our historic departmental resource centre, as a home base, workshop and an indispensable part of Centre for Strategic and Global Studies

Publications

(1) Global & Strategic, a journal; (2) Cakraanala Kebijakan, a policy brief; (3) CSGS Paper, a collection of unpublished paper; (4) CSGS Publisher, a book publisher

Address:

Jl. Dhamma Gading Dalam Surabaya 60286, East Java-Indonesia
Tel. +62 31 6101625; Fax: +62 31 3012442
Email: csgs@hiunair.com; Website: www.hiunair.com

Sustainability Strategy L’Oreal Pasca Akuisisi The Body Shop dalam Peningkatan Kinerja Perusahaan
Putu Ratih Kumala Dewi

Politik Luar Negeri Sebagai Konstruksi Sosial: Sikap Indonesia terhadap Kebijakan Penempatan Pasukan Marinir Amerika Di Darwin
Mohamad Rosyidin

Bantuan USAID pada Penguatan Demokratisasi dan Proses Pemilu 1999 di Indonesia Pasca Jatuhnya Rezim Orde Baru
Dian Pratiwi

Keunggulan Toyota terhadap Ford dalam Industri Otomotif Global: Human Capital versus Physical Capital
Agus Hendra Rangi

Konsekuensi Pembangunan Dam Belo Monte dan Strategi Perlawanan Masyarakat Brazil
Annisa Sekaringrat

Elektivitas Organisasi Regional dalam Menciptakan Perdamaian dan Keamanan : African Union Mission in Sudan (AMIS) dalam Perang Sipil Sudan
Keiza Ayu Wiscliasari
## Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sustainability Strategy L'Oréal Pasca Akuisisi The Body Shop dalam Peningkatan Kinerja Perusahaan</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Bantuan USAID pada Penguatan Demokratisasi dan Proses Pemilu 1999 di Indonesia Pasca Jatuhnya Rezim Orde Baru</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Keunggulan Toyota terhadap Ford dalam Industri Otomotif Global: Human Capital versus Physical Capital</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Politik Luar Negeri sebagai Konstruksi Sosial: Sikap Indonesia terhadap Kebijakan Penempatan Pasukan Marinir Amerika di Darwin</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Konsekuensi Pembangunan Dam Belo Monte dan Strategi Perlawanan Masyarakat Brazil</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Efektivitas Organisasi Regional dalam Menciptakan Perdamaian dan Keamanan: African Union Mission in Sudan (AMIS) dalam Perang Sipil Sudan</td>
<td>0-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Abstract

High economic development in Brazil increases high demand on electricity consumption. As reaction, Brazilian government builds hydroelectric dam called Belo Monte in Xingu River. The dam will finish in 2015, and it will becomes the third largest hydroelectric dam in the world. Belo Monte will produce 11,233 Mega-watt. In the meantime, there are protests from indigenous people and local NGOs. They argue that the construction damage the environment and give negative effects on society. Further, article describes what the dam’s implications are on the environment and on social wellbeing of indigenous people. It also explains NGOs strategy for rising the issue.

Keyword : Belo, Monte, dam, environment, and, social, consequences, indigenous, people,

Daftar Pustaka :