Hubungan dukungan sosial dengan konsep diri pada anak jalanan di Rumah Singgah Sanggar Alang Alang Surabaya
Hubungan Pelaksanaan Tugas Kesehatan keluarga dengan kekambuhan Skizofrenia di Desa Paringan Kecamatan Jenangan Kabupaten Ponorogo
Inovasi Outbond Dalam Meningkatkan perkembangan motorik kasar anak usia prasekolah di TK Dwi Warna Jaya Kota Surabaya
Hubungan Spiritualitas dengan Depresi pada lansia di UPT Pelayanan Sosial Lanjut Usia Magetan
Inovasi peralaman kartu klo klo terhadap peningkatan perkembangan bahasa pada anak prasekolah (4-5 tahun) di RA Muslimat NU VII Kabupaten Pamekasan
Analisis faktor yang berhubungan dengan Perilaku Seks bebas pada Remaja di SMK Dr. Soetomo Surabaya berdasarkan Teori Perilaku WHO
Analisis Faktor yang berhubungan dengan kejadian gangguan jiwa di desa Paringan Kecamatan Jenangan Kabupaten Ponorogo
Gambaran faktor yang mempengaruhi kejadian diare pada anak usia sekolah (6-12 tahun) di SD Negeri Sukorejo Kata Bllitar
Terapi bermain paper Toys meningkatkan kemampuan motorik anak retardasi mental
Terapi bermain : Cooperative play Dengan Puzzle meningkatkan kemampuan sosialisasi anak retardasi mental
Reminiscence group care untuk menurunkan kesepeian yang dialami lansia di UPT PSLU Pasuruan berdasarkan Teori Imogene.

Diterbitkan Oleh :
Divisi Keperawatan Jiwa
Departemen Jiwa dan Komunitas
Program Studi Ilmu Keperawatan Fakultas Keperawatan Unair
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Analysis Of Factors Related To Mental Disorder Incidents At Paringan Village

ANALISIS FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN KEJADIAN GANGGUAN JIWA DI DESA PARINGAN KECAMATAN JENANGAN KABUPATEN PONOROGO

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Abstract

Introduction: Mental disorders cause suffering to the individual and social barriers in implementing the role. Disorder characterized by changes in mental function. Usually the causes is a biological factor, psychological and sociocultural. Method: Design used in this research was cross sectional. Paringan village has a population of 60 mental disorders. Using quota sampling, the number of samples taken as many as 30 people. The independent variables are genetic, personality, self-concept, education, employment and income. Dependent variable is a mental disorder. Data were analyzed with Chi-Square test with a significance of \( \alpha < 0.05 \). Result and Analysis: The results showed that, the influence of a mental disorder is genetic (\( p=0.030 \)), personality (\( p=0.033 \)), and self-concept (\( p=0.033 \)). Meanwhile, that does not affect the occurrence of mental disorders is education (\( p=0.871 \)), work (\( p=0.777 \)), income (\( p=0.848 \)) and family support (\( p=0.593 \)). Dominant factors that influence the biological factor (\( p=0.030 \)). Discussion and Recommendation: Conclusion of this study was the genetic factors, personality and self-concept has a major influence to determine the occurrence of mental disorders. Type of job, family support, education level and nominal income is not a cause of mental disorder. Therefore necessary research on sociocultural again, especially about individual coping in living patients. About coping in their employment, earn income and education.

Keyword : Mental, disorders, biological, factors, psychological, factors, sociocultural, factors.

Daftar Pustaka :