THE EFFECTIVENESS OF TOPICAL GARLIC EXTRACT FOR METHICILLIN RESISTANT
STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS TREATMENT IN BURNS
(T Dossaputra, N Primadina)

MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS IMMUNOGLOBULIN M (IgM) AND IMMUNOGLOBULIN
G (IgG) SURVEY IN HIV-INFECTED DONORS
(Okiy Dwi Suproboawati)

COMPARING THE EFFECT OF RED YEAST RICE, DATE PALM, AND GUAVA LEAF EXTRACT ON
THROMBOCYTE AND MEGAKARYOCYTE COUNT IN THROMBOCYTOPENIC WHITE RATS
(Sundan Indah Wiyastuti, Kristianti Wanto Wigati, Tjipta Wardana)

MATERNALLY INHERITED NUCLEOTIDE VARIATION OF MITOCHONDRIAL DNA (mtDNA) D-LOOP
REGION 126 pb (nt: 34-159 HVS II) IN MADURESE INDIVIDUALS
(Ahmad Yudiarito, Indah Nurahni M)

RAPID CULTURE METHOD USING BIPHASIC MEDIA ON BACTERIOLOGIC DIAGNOSIS TO DETECT
MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS FOR DETERMINING PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS
(Ni Made Mertianasih, Lindawati Almsardjono, JF Pillingan, Soedarsono)

EFFECT OF CARBIDE AND CaCl2 CONCENTRATION ON VITAMIN C CONTENTS
OF BANANA KEPOK
(Indah Lestari)

DIRECT CLONING OF MELANOMA ANTIGEN 1 (MAGE-1) AND THE E2 GENE OF HOG CHOLERA VIRUS
(HCV) FROM THE BLUNT END PCR PRODUCT USING pET 101/D-TOPO
(Gondo Mastutik, Rosnawati Sitiinemang)

QUANTITATION OF MICROORGANISMS IN LOWER RESPIRATORY TRACT SECRETIONS
(Marut R Wahyuntisari, Kuntaman, Ni Made Mertianasih)

BMD-QUS ASSESSMENT RESULT APPROPRIATES TO DIAGNOSE OSTEOPOROSIS
(Priyambada C Nugraha, Rachmat G Wachjadi, Titi R Menjiko)

ACID-FAST BACTERIA M. LEPRAE EXAMINATION IN LEPROSY PATIENTS
BEFORE AND AFTER TREATMENT
(Sulianti)

DIAGNOSTIC ROLE OF INTRA OPERATIVE OVARIAN CYST FLUID CYTOLOGY
IN DETERMINING MALIGNANCY
(Erry Hary Kusumastuti, Alphani Rahniayu)

CORRELATION BETWEEN ADOLESCENTS’ KNOWLEDGE ON DRUGS HAZARD
AND THEIR BEHAVIOR IN DRUG ABUSE IN TULUNGAGUNG
(Indahastri)

BASAL INSULIN AS ADD-ON THERAPY TO ORAL GLUCOSE-LOWERING DRUGS IN
INSULIN NAIVE PATIENTS WITH TYPE 2 DIABETES MELLITUS IN PRIMARY PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER
(Herminia Novida, Agung Pranoto, Jongkey Hendro Prayitno, Askandar Tjokrosrayo)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN N-TERMINAL PRO-BRAIN NATRIURETIC PEPTIDE (NT-proBNP) LEVEL AND PROTEIN ST2 LEVEL IN ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME PATIENT</td>
<td>202 - 207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>THE EFFECT OF LIME PEEL EXTRACT (Citrus Aurantifolia) TO TOTAL BLOOD CHOLESTEROL LEVELS OF MICE (Mus musculus) THAT GIVEN THE HIGH CHOLESTEROL DIET</td>
<td>208 - 215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>MONITORING OF POTASSIUM LEVEL ON THE HEART FAILURE PATIENTS USING CAPTOPRIL AND FUROSEMIDE</td>
<td>216 - 219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>EFFECT OF RED YEAST RICE (Monascus Purpureus) EXTRACT TO THE TROMBOPOIETIN LEVEL IN DENGUE INFECTED PATIENTS</td>
<td>220 - 225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Amaranthus tricolor Linn PRESERVES THE THICKNESS OF SEMINIFEROUS TUBULES IN MICE (Mus musculus) INDUCED BY LEAD ACETATE</td>
<td>226 - 228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>EFFECT OF LOW MOLECULAR WEIGHT TOPICAL HYALURONATE ON WHITE RAT SUPERFICIAL WOUNDS EPITHELIZATION TREATED WITH FREEZE-DRIED AMNION MEMBRANE</td>
<td>229 - 236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>PROFILE OF CHEST AND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ON PATIENTS WITH DENGUE VIRUS INFECTION IN DR. SOETOMO HOSPITAL SURABAYA BETWEEN FEBRUARY-APRIL 2012</td>
<td>237 - 243</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>THE PREVALENCE OF EXTENDED SPECTRUM BETA-LACTAMASE (ESBL) IN THIRD GENERATION CEPHALOSPORIN USAGE AMONG SEPSIS PATIENTS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL MEDICINE RSUD DR. SOETOMO SURABAYA</td>
<td>244 - 251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Case Report: MANAGEMENT OF PEPTIC ULCER INFECTION DUE TO Helicobacter pylori INFECTION AND ABSCESS LIVER BOWEL PERFORATION</td>
<td>252 - 258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>DIFFERENCE OF PAIN INTENSITY IN TENSION TYPE HEADACHE PATIENTS FOCUSING ON THE PERSONALITY</td>
<td>259 - 262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>HEARING DISORDER IN MULTIDRUG-RESISTANT TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS AT THE OUTPATIENTS UNIT, PULMONARY DEPARTMENT, DR. SOETOMO HOSPITAL SURABAYA</td>
<td>263 - 267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>THE DIFFERENCE OF HEART RATE RECOVERY AMONG OBESE SUBJECTS WITH AND WITHOUT METABOLIC SYNDROME</td>
<td>268 - 271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>DYSFUNCTION OF COCHLEAR AND RETROCOCHLEAR WITH TINNITUS IN NORMAL HEARING</td>
<td>272 - 276</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Case Report: MANAGEMENT OF PEPTIC ULCER INFECTION DUE TO Helicobacter pylori INFECTION AND ABSCESS LIVER BOWEL PERFORATION

Abstract

It has been reported a male patient 69 years old, with body heat complaints, upper abdominal pain, and bowel black, with a history of drinking aspilets for 9 years. From the results obtained hypertension, anemia, cardiomegaly, epigastric tenderness and right upper quadrant, hepatomegaly, leukocytosis, hipoalbumin, abdominal ultrasound picture of multiple liver abscesses right lobe, old myocardial infarction inferior ECG, CT-scan of the abdomen obtained multiple liver abscesses in the right lobe, wall to wall abscess partially attached gallbladder and duodenum, perihepatic fluid collection right pleural effusion and left. The initial diagnosis was multiple liver abscesses, melena, erosiva gastritis, anemia due to bleeding, hypertension stage I (JNC VII), hipoalbumin. Patients undergoing endoscopic surgery laparoscopy to drain abscesses installation. Operating converted to laparotomy due to perforation was found in the duodenum, transverse colon, and gallbladder. Histopathological examination of chronic superficial gastritis obtained, duodenal ulcer pepticum acute stage; H. pylori positive. Pus culture results obtained Escherechia coli susp. ESBL. Patients received therapy for eradication of H. pylori (amoxicillin, clarithromycin, PPI for 14 days, metronidazole and meropenem in accordance with the culture. Concluded the most likely cause of liver abscess is an infection of E. coli translocation through a perforated peptic ulcer. The patient subsequently underwent outpatient controls obtained in poly UBT and HPSA is still positive. (FMI2013;49:252-258)

Keyword : Peptic, Ulcer, Helicobacter, pylori, Infection, Bowel, Perforation, Liver, Abscess,

Daftar Pustaka :