Analisis Spasial Keterkaitan Pertumbuhan Ekonomi dengan Kemiskinan di Jawa Timur
Catur Panggih Pamungkas

Measuring the Impact of Economic Growth on Poverty
I Auwalin

Perubahan Iklim, Produktivitas Pertanian dan Kemiskinan
Ni Made Sukartini

Targeting Method of Conditional Cash Transfer Program for The Poor in Indonesia
Rifai Afin

Menekan Angka Kemiskinan melalui Peningkatan Pendidikan bagi Wanita: Studi Kasus Kota Surabaya
Prastyo Rinie Budi Utami

Profan Ali Azami
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ANALISIS SPASIAL KETERKAITAN PERTUMBUHAN EKONOMI DENGAN KEMISKINAN DI JAWA TIMUR</td>
<td>201 - 218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>MEASURING THE IMPACT OF ECONOMIC GROWTH ON POVERTY</td>
<td>219 - 228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>PERUBAHAN IKLIM, PRODUKTIVITAS PERTANIAN DAN KEMISKINAN</td>
<td>229 - 244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Targeting Method of Conditional Cash Transfer Program for The Poor in Indonesia</td>
<td>245 - 264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>MENEKAN ANGKA KEMISKINAN MELALUI PENINGKATAN PENDIDIKAN BAGI WANITA: STUDI KASUS KOTA SURABAYA</td>
<td>265 - 280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ANALISIS PENGARUH PERTUMBUHAN EKONOMI, TENAGA KERJA DAN PENDIDIKAN TERHADAP KEMISKINAN: STUDI KASUS PROVINSI JAWA TIMUR TAHUN 2001 â€“ 2007</td>
<td>281 - 314</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANALISIS PENGARUH PERTUMBUHAN EKONOMI, TENAGA KERJA DAN PENDIDIKAN TERHADAP KEMISKINAN: STUDI KASUS PROVINSI JAWA TIMUR TAHUN 2001 â€“ 2007

1. Profan Ali Azami --> Alumni

Abstract

The role of human resources in the production process and the development determined by the amount and quality of available labor. The quality of manpower with the skills and high skills are needed in the development process to improve productivity and national production. It is indisputable that low productivity of labor is one of the causes of poverty, which means that poverty is not entirely caused by unemployment. Many people or poor families have an income, fixed income, but even into the poor category as the current poverty line because their income is very low. Therefore, this study was conducted to determine and assess the influence of economic growth, worker productivity, the number of residents aged 15 years and over who graduated from junior high school, high school, and college to the number of poor in East Java in 2001-2007. The method is used in this study is the method of GLS (Generalized Least Squares). Where the model estimation results show that the PDRB variable as a proxy of economic growth, worker productivity, the number of residents aged 15 years and over who graduated from junior high school, senior high school and college education as a proxy education affects significantly to the number of poor people in East Java in the period 2001-2007.

Keyword : poverty, economy, growth, worker, productivity, education, 

Daftar Pustaka :