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- Peningkatan Nutrisi Ibu Hamil di Indonesia: Pentingnya Peran Bidan di Desa dan Kader
- Produksi ASI Ibu dengan Intervensi *Acupressure Point for Lactation* dan Pijat Oksitosin
- Paket Dukungan terhadap *Breastfeeding Self Efficacy* dan Keberhasilan Menyusui pada Ibu Postpartum
- Efektivitas *Dzikrolin* terhadap Penurunan Kecemasan dan Nyeri Persalinan Kula I Fase Aktif Ibu Primigravida
- Perubahan Keluhan Gejala Prahaid dengan Senam Aerobik
- Respons dan Koping Pasien Penderita Kanker Servik terhadap Efek Kemoterapi
- Pengalaman Orang Tua dalam Penggunaan Pengobatan Alternatif pada Anak yang Menderita Kanker di Jakarta
- GFR dan Kadar Timbal dalam Darah pada Pekerja POM Bensin Berdasarkan *β-mlal Gene Polymorphisms*
- Sistem Diagnosa Level Asma Menggunakan *Fuzzy Inference System*
- *Prototype* Bangku Ergonomis untuk Memperbaiki Posisi Duduk Siswa SMAN di Kabupaten Gresik
- Modifikasi Pompa ASI sebagai Terapi Luka Bertekanan Negatif untuk Mempercepat Penyembuhan Luka Diabetes
- Penggunaan Teknik *Z-Track Air Lock* untuk Menurunkan Nyeri pada Prosedur Injeksi Intra Muskular
- *Cognitive Support* Meningkatkan Kadar CD4 pada Pasien HIV di Kota Kediri
- Pengalaman Keputusan *Stroke Survivor* di Kota Semarang
- Teknik Perawatan Luka Modern dan Konvensional terhadap Kadar Interleukin 1 dan Interleukin 6 pada Pasien Luka Diabetik
- Intervensi *VAP Bundle* dalam Pencegahan *Ventilator Associated Pneumonia* (VAP) pada Pasien dengan Ventilasi Mekanis
- Analisis Faktor Pelaksanaan *Trage* di Instalasi Gawat Darurat
- Model Peningkatan Perilaku *Caring* terhadap Pencapaian Kompetensi Mahasiswa pada Keperawatan Kritis
- Model Sistem Manajemen Mutu Berdasarkan Kriteria Malcolm Baldrige pada Pendidikan Keperawatan di Kota Surabaya
- Efektivitas Implementasi Asuhan Keperawatan Isolasi Sosial dalam MPKP Jiwa terhadap Kemampuan Klien
- Pembedayaan Kesehatan dan Ekonomi Perempuan Penderita HIV/AIDS Melalui *Life Skill Education*
- Model Manajemen Perawatan untuk Meningkatkan Kepatuhan Minum Obat dan Status Gizi Pasien TB Paru

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Table of Contents

No.	Title	Page
1	Improving Nutrition of Pregnant Village Women in Indonesia: The Important Roles of Village Midwives and Cadres	1 - 8
2	The Difference in Breastmilk Production Between Acupresure Point for Lactation and Oxytocin Massage	9 - 19
3	Breastfeeding Self Efficacy and Effective Breastfeeding on Postpartum Women	20 - 29
4	Effectiveness of Dhikr Toward Decreasing Anxiety and Labour Pain During Active phase of First Stage among Primigravida	30 - 37
5	The Changes of Premenstrual Symptoms After Aerobic Exercise Intervention	38 - 47
6	Response and Coping on Physically to Side Effect Cemotherapy in Women Suferred Cervic Cancer	48 - 60
7	Parents Experiences Using Alternative Medicine on Children Suffering Cancer in Jakarta	61 - 73
8	GFR And Blood Lead Levels In Gas Station Workers Based On \hat{I} -Alad Gene Polymorphisms	74 - 79
9	The Level of Asthma Diagnosing System by using Fuzzy Inference System	80 - 86
10	An Ergonomic Desk and Chair Prototype to Improve Seating Position on Senior High School Students at Kabupaten Gresik	87 - 103
11	Modification of Breast Pump as a Negative Pressure Wound Therapy for Accelerating Wound Healing of Diabetic Ulcer	104 - 111
12	Utilizing Z-track Air Lock Technique to Reduce Pain in Intramuscular Injections	112 - 117
13	Cognitive Support Increase CD4 Level on Patient with HIV at Kota Kediri	118 - 124
14	Hopelessness Experience Among Stroke Survivor in Semarang, A Phenomenological Study	125 - 132
15	Modern and Convensional Wound Dressing to Interleukin 1 (IL-1) and Interleukin 6 (IL-6) in Diabetic wound	133 - 137
16	The Incidence of VAP after VAP Bundle Intervention Among Patients with Mechanical Ventilation	138 - 146
17	The Factors Associated with The Triage Implementation in Emergency Department	147 - 157
18	Model of Caring Behavior Improvement to Achieve the Competence in Critical Care Nursing	158 - 164
19	Model of Quality Management System Using Malcolm Baldrige Criteria in Nursing Education in Surabaya	165 - 174
20	The Effectiveness of Nursing Care: Social Isolation Implementation in Mental PMHNPM to Patient's Capability	175 - 182
21	Health Empowerment, and Economics of Women with HIV/ AIDS Through Life Skills Education	183 - 188
22	A Nursing Management Model to Increase Medication Adherence and Nutritional Status of Patients with Pulmonary TB	189 - 193

The Factors Associated with The Triage Implementation in Emergency Department

FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN PELAKSANAAN TRIAGE DI INSTALASI GAWAT DARURAT

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Abstract

Introduction :Triage is defined as a process to sort patients based on the severity and emergency situation. In fact, Emergency Department (ED) in several hospitals in Indonesia do not implement it, so not all patients come to Emergency Department due to a true emergency case but there are also a false emergency. Implementing triage is important in order to decrease false emergency case and also increase ED service quality. The research goal was to analyze factors associated with the triage implementation in Emergency Department in Hospitals (type A and B). Methode:The research design was a cross sectional with correlative analysis. The research population was emergency department nurses and patients. Samples were taken by total sampling for the nurses (54 respondents) and accidental sampling for patients (54 respondents). The research instruments were questionnaire and direct observation. The research datas were analyzed using multivariate logistic regression by backward LR. Result: The result showed that the dominant factors correlated with the implementation of the triage was the performance factor (p value. 0,002), the patient factor (p value. 0,011), and the staffing factor (p value. 0,017). Discussion: The hospital management can increase the work motivation, then optimize the nurses by giving a job description clearly and improve nursing service quality through Triage Officer Course.

Keyword : triage, performance, factor, patient, factor, staffing, factor,

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