Strategi Pemerintah Daerah dalam Mewujudkan Ketahanan Pangan Bagi Masyarakat di Kabupaten Mojokerto

Firina Eka Dewayanti
Mahasiswa Program Studi Ilmu Administrasi Negara, FISIP, Universitas Airlangga

Abstract

Food security is a condition of food fulfillment for household that reflected from food sufficiency, both in quantity and quality, safe, equitable, and affordable. Food security for an area is important because food is a basic requirement and human right. Food in this study is rice. The sufficient of food needs will produce good food security too. In Indonesia, there still problem in food security. Start from the problem of food supply and the people’s ability to reach the food needs. In east java the same problem has occurred. In mojokerto food security is in good and safe condition. This is because mojokerto effort to solve the problem with their strategy. This research is descriptive qualitative method with informants in a purposive determination techniques. Data obtained from in-depth interviews and documentation. The process of data analysis by grouping and combining the data obtained, and also set a series of linkage relationships between these data. The result showed that the strategy used in creating local food security consist of three components, that is strategy of the mojokerto government in term of food availability, food accesability, quality and food safety. Strategy in food availability is increase the rice production, keep rice production in the field that more narrow by intensification and extensification, build and develop the rice barns, promote and strength food reserve and development the rice grinding. While the government’s strategy in food accesability is local government try to close the food reserve to people and utilize all of potention of reserve. And government strategy in maintaining the quality and food safety is use superiot seeds and do the field school program.

Keywords: Food Security, Strategy, local government.