Studi Deskriptif tentang Strategi Pemerintah Desa Petungsinarang Kecamatan Bandar Kabupaten Pacitan dalam Mencapai Ketahanan Pangan

Intan Disyananda
Mahasiswa Program Studi Ilmu Administrasi Negara, FISIP, Universitas Airlangga

Abstract

Food is human basic needs that can’t be delayed, because food is very important for the human living, for these reason the problem of food is a crucial case that must be solved soon. Food security is a condition in somewhere place that can fulfil food needs. Pacitan regency was a place there used to be rare food, but the researcher take research location in Petungsinarang village that has the most capacity of poor family that receive raskin (rice for poor family). Because of that, is important to be known how Petungsinarang village can solving the problem of rare food and reached the food security. These research purpose is to describe how the government strategy of the Petungsinarang village to solving the problem of rare food. To know how the government of the Petungsinarang village solve the rare food, the researcher use the teory of food security management, to become a village that can solving the rare food is must to become a village that have food security, to fulfil that, the food security has three subsystem such as the available of food, food distribution and food consumption from Saliem and described in three stage of strategy (David Fred) such as formulation, implementation and evaluation strategy. These research use the strategy and the rare food teory. These research use qualitative method descriptive, location in Petungsinarang village Bandar district Pacitan regency. The informan is the people who works in that village and use purposive sampling method. Data collection have been done with indepht interview and documentation. The last is data analysis use data reduction, presenting data and make conclusion or verification. The result of these research is strategy of the government of Petungsinarang village to reach the food security, in available food aspect is to increase the production of rice with optimalization rice field, in food distribution aspect with food distribution from central city and from Bulog for raskin distribution and the last aspect is food consumption with increasing food knowledge through give and share information about food in elementary school and food diversification with consuming Gaplek as alternative as rice substitution.

Keywords: strategy, food, food security, reaching the food security.