Ratification of UN Convention on Migrant Workers (1990): The Case of Indonesia and The Philippines

Abstrak:

Since the United Nations Convention on Migrant Rights™ and Their Families went into force in 2003, Indonesia and the Philippines, which both are the world™s largest labor-exporter consecutively, have responded differently in ratifying the convention. While the Philippines as second largest labor-exporter has recently ratified the convention, Indonesia as one of the largest migrants sender has signed but not yet ratified it. This paper is trying to scrutinize both technical and inclusive obstacles for the Indonesian government of not yet ratified the Convention, and also probing the raison d'âtre of the Philippines, as the first ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations) country to ratify the convention.

Keyword:

International, Migration, Migrant™s Rights, ASEAN, labor -exporter