HIV Infection Background among Housewife in HOPE Community Surabaya

Abstrak:

In 2012, Surabaya is the highest case HIV. Based on the works type, the housewife is the third case group. The objective of this study is determining the highest factors of HIV and AIDS of housewife in Surabaya. The place of this study is in LSM HOPE Community East Java, because this LSM handles housewives who get HIV positive. Study design uses quantitative description. Data collected is done through interviews and in-depth interview. The study results show the characteristics of housewife before HIV and AIDS diagnose are, mostly productive age group when interviewed and diagnosed, the ideal age to marry, has been educated up to high school/equivalent, working as a private employee. While the characteristics of the husband was married at the age that is not ideal, diagnosed or infected at reproductive age, when the infected are married, have been educated up to high school/equivalent, working as a private employee, injecting drug users, often traveling far in a long time. With the condition that the family is able to supply the daily needs, frequent of quarrels with her husband and never told problem with her husband/introvert. So the husband characteristic factor is a major factor in HIV transmission to the housewife. This is because the majority of housewives infected by an HIV-positive husband.

Keyword:

housewife, HIV and AIDS, characteristic, husband

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